

#### **NEEDS:**

Harmony

Social acceptance

Supportive work team

Freedom from rigid structure of expectations

#### **BEHAVIORS:**

Collaborative

Outgoing

Patient

Flexible

#### **Average Behavioral Pattern**



## Promoter

A Promoter is a casual, uninhibited, and persuasive extravert with a tendency for informality.

## Signature work styles:

#### Communication

- Fluent, persuasive talker
- Sympathetic, good listener

#### Delegation

Delegates authority and details freely with little follow-up

**Decision making** 

Often thinks "outside the box"

#### Action & risk

Negative response to pressure

#### Strengths:

- Motivating, stimulating communicator
- Flexible approach to most situations and people
- Doesn't take no for an answer

#### **Common traps:**

- Can be overly talkative and superficial
- May be excessively casual or uninhibited
- Sometimes prioritizes being liked or being center of attention over results

#### How to work well with them:

- Let them be social; Promoters like a high level of social/group activities.
- Give Promoters freedom; they prefer work that is unstructured and delegating the details.
- Let them sell; Promoters like to be recognized for persuading and motivating people.





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## Motivate and recognize

- Give them flexibility in their work rather than rules and structure.
- Create a work environment that is free from competition.
- Provide public recognition of individual and team accomplishments or their ability to persuade and motivate others.

## Provide direction and feedback

- Speak in general terms and at a high level rather than getting into details and specifics.
- Be careful when providing feedback that it doesn't come off as judgmental or personal, as they want to feel liked.
- Provide clear expectations and guidelines when you need a specific outcome; they may come up with their own way to do it, but the end result needs to be right.

#### Delegate

- Don't delegate work that is highly detailed or solitary in nature.
- Do delegate work that is collaborative and allows them to show their "out of the box" thinking.

## Coach

Coaching is not the same as managing, but we know that managers often play a coaching role. Keep in mind that coaching conversations are about asking questions and letting the coachee come up with ideas, actions and next steps.

- Keep any development and coaching conversations focused; they need to talk, but they also need to listen.
- Train them on the processes or routines they need to follow, and ask them to explain why the processes are important.
- Help them navigate how to communicate unfavorable news, especially when it is negative feedback that might be taken personally.

